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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/832,827	04/12/2001	Martin Kowatsch	Q64035	1954
7	7590 08/18/2003			
LAW OFFICES SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS, PLLC 2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20037-3213			EXAMINER	
			PAK, SUNG H	
WASHINGTO	IN, DC 20037-3213		ART UNIT PAPER NUMB	
			2874	
			DATE MAILED: 08/18/2003 '	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Applicati n N .	Applicant(s)
Advisory Action	09/832,827	KOWATSCH, MARTIN
- Advisory Motion	Examin r	Art Unit
	Sung H. Pak	2874
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the	c rrespondenc address
THE REPLY FILED 30 July 2003 FAILS TO PLACE THIS Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to average in a rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1 condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appea Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.	oid abandonment of this application applic	ation. A proper reply to a high places the application in
PERIOD FOR RE	EPLY [check either a) or b)]	
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Officimely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR	Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF TO date on which the petition under 37 CF of extension and the corresponding amount of the shortened statutory period for reply ce later than three months after the ma	g date of the final rejection. HE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP R 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension out of the fee. The appropriate extension originally set in the final Office action; or
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellant's 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFI	R 1.191(d)), to avoid dismissal o	
2. The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered be	ecause:	
(a) they raise new issues that would require further	er consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);
(b) they raise the issue of new matter (see Note because of the second o		
(c) they are not deemed to place the application is issues for appeal; and/or		
(d) they present additional claims without cancel	ing a corresponding number of t	inally rejected claims.
NOTE:		
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection		
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would canceling the non-allowable claim(s). 		•
5. ☐ The a) ☐ affidavit, b) ☐ exhibit, or c) ☐ request for application in condition for allowance because: Se		idered but does NOT place the
6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered bed raised by the Examiner in the final rejection.	ause it is not directed SOLELY	to issues which were newly
7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment explanation of how the new or amended claims we		
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		
Claim(s) allowed:		
Claim(s) objected to:		
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-11</u> .		
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:		
8. \square The proposed drawing correction filed on is	a) ☐ approved or b) ☐ disapp	proved by the Examiner.
9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Stateme	nt(s)(PTO-1449) Paper No(s).	
10. Other:	V	
	0 ' HE	MANG SANGHAVI



The examiner has carefully reviewed the applicant's remarks filed 7/30/2003. The arguments regarding the patentability of pending claims have been carefully studied, however, they are not deemed convincing.

The applicant argues that Travieso device cannot be modified in view of the teachings set forth in Ehrfeld reference because there is a great size difference between the technologies disclosed by these two references. The examiner respectfully disagrees and maintains that the rejection is still valid.

As stated in the rejection, Travieso reference discloses an optical device with all the limitations set forth in the claims, except it does not teach waveguide material disposed in a polymer substrate and optical fibers being at least partially inserted into the substrate. Travieso reference shows optical fibers ("5" in Fig. 2) disposed on the substrate ("11") having crossing points, and a device ("10") having waveguide branching portions. Note the interface between the device "10" and the optical fibers at junction "24". Although Travieso does not explicitly mention that the device "10" is composed of waveguide material disposed on a polymer substrate wherein the interface junction has optical fibers at least partially inserted into the troughs of the substrate, such a device is commonly known in the art, and Ehrfeld reference discloses an exemplary embodiment (Fig. 1). The applicant characterizes Travieso and Ehrfeld devices as being analogous to a semiconductor integrated circuit and a macroscopic copper wire respectively, however the examiner respectfully disagrees with such a characterization. The examiner respectfully points out that both references may be drawn to integrated optical circuit devices. Travieso reference discloses that the device "10" may be a Wave Division Multiplexer or a Dense Wave Division Multiplexer. Such Multiplexers (e.g. Dragone Arrayed Waveguide Multiplexers) are often built on polymer waveguide substrates with filled waveguide materials, construction similar to the branching waveguide disclosed in the Ehrfeld reference. Since the Ehrfeld device provides a known advantage over the prior art as discussed in the rejection, a person of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to modify Travieso device in view of Ehrfeld reference. Therefore, the claim rejection based on 35 USC 103(a) is still valid.